

Upper Respiratory Infection and Inflammation

Upper Respiratory Tract Bacteria In-flames

Patients taking sitagliptin/saxagliptin may develop an upper respiratory infection or inflammation of the sinuses. Signs and symptoms of a URI include runny or stuffy nose, sneezing, sore throat, and a cough.

Stevens-Johnson Syndrome

Steve-Johns

Hypersensitivity reactions such as Stevens-Johnsons syndrome, anaphylaxis, and angioedema can occur. Sitagliptin/saxagliptin therapy should be stopped immediately if these conditions develop.

Considerations

Used as Add-on Agents

Add (+) on Agent

According to the American Diabetes Association, DPP-4 inhibitors are to be used as add-on treatment options. They are indicated if monotherapy has failed to provide adequate blood glucose control.