

# Gerstmann Syndrome



PLAY PICMONIC

#### MCA Stroke

Middle Brain Attacked by Artery-archer in Stroke Crew

Gerstmann Syndrome usually results from a stroke in the middle cerebral artery (MCA), in the dominant hemisphere, which is usually the left.

#### **Angular Gyrus**

Anglerfish Gyroscope

Gerstmann Syndrome arises from a compromise of the angular gyrus in the dominant hemisphere (usually the left hemisphere).

### Parietal Lobe

**Pirate** 

The angular gyrus is a portion of the posteroinferior parietal lobe.

### **Dominant Hemisphere**

**Dominoes** 

When Gerstmann Syndrome ensues, the hemisphere affected is the dominant, which is usually the left one.

### Integration of Visual, Acoustic, and Sensory Information

Eye and Acoustic-guitar Sensor

The region of the angular gyrus in the dominant hemisphere integrates visual, acoustic, and sensory information.

# Components of Gerstmann Syndrome

# Left-Right Disorientation

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Gerstmann Syndrome secondary to a stroke is described as a tetrad. The first component is left-right disorientation.

### Finger Agnosia

Finger with Egg-nose

The second component of Gerstmann Syndrome is finger agnosia.



# Agraphia

A-graph-paper

The third component of Gerstmann Syndrome is agraphia, or the inability to write.

#### Acalculia

### A-calculator

The fourth component of Gerstmann Syndrome is acalculia, which is the inability to perform simple calculations.