

Pseudofolliculitis Barbae



PLAY PICMONIC

Characteristics

Inflammation of Facial Follicles

In-flames Facial Follicles

Pseudofolliculitis barbae is inflammation of follicular facial skin, especially in the beard area.

Associated with Shaving

Shaving-razor

This disorder is related to shaving, which is why it is known as razor bumps. Shaving sharpens the ends of the hairs, which makes them curve back into the skin and causes ingrown hairs.

Cheeks, Jawline, and Neck

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Pseudofolliculitis barbae present in the cheeks, jawline, and neck.

Black Males

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Pseudofolliculitis barbae is most commonly found in African-American males.

Clinical Features

Pustules and Papules

Pus-pile and Papule-people

The lesions that may be seen in pseudofolliculitis barbae are papules and pustules.

Pruritus

Prairie-dog

Patients with pseudofolliculitis barbae may experience pruritus.

Painful

Pain-bolt

With pseudofolliculitis barbae, lesions can be painful due to inflammation.

Treatment

Avoid Shaving

Avoid-sign Shaving-razor

Treatment for this condition includes avoiding shaving and letting the beard grow. Doing so will help to prevent ingrown hair that can induce pseudofolliculitis barbae.



Topical Clindamycin

Topical Cleaning-mice

Topical clindamycin helps treat possible contamination from normal skin flora, which may be involved in the inflammation of pseudofolliculitis barbae.

Low-Potency Steroid

Low-Pot Steroid-stairs

In cases of pseudofolliculitis barbae, low-potency steroids help reduce inflammation in patients.

Topical Retinoid

Topical Red-tin-droid

In treating pseudofolliculitis barbae, a topical retinoid acts as a keratolytic.