

Lateral Epicondylitis (Tennis Elbow)

Lateral epicondylitis is characterized by inflammation of the bony prominences of the lateral elbow joint. It is caused by an overuse of the elbow, particularly wrist extension and forearm supination. Lateral epicondylitis often occurs in tennis players, hence its alternative name "tennis elbow". Symptoms include pain over the lateral epicondyle. Treatment includes conservative management, injections, and surgery.



PLAY PICMONIC

Characteristics

Overuse Injury of Extensor Tendons

Extension Cord

Lateral epicondylitis is often caused by repetitive forceful wrist extension and forearm prontonation/supination. One-handed backhand and improper stroke technique may predispose tennis players. It is important to note that many cases are without a formal cause (idiopathic).

Wrist Extension

Wrist with Extension Cord

Lateral epicondylitis is associated with repetitive wrist extension. Activities such as tennis and manual labor can cause this.

Forearm Supination

Soup and Forearm

Lateral epicondylitis is associated with repetitive forearm supination. Activities such as tennis and manual labor can cause this.

Pain over Lateral Epicondyle

Pain-Bolt over Lateral Epicondyle

Symptoms of lateral epicondylitis include pain that is elicited with resisted wrist extension and passive terminal wrist flexion with the elbow in full extension. About 75% of cases occur in the patient's dominant arm.

Management

Conservative Management

Conservative Mananger being conservative with treatment

Lateral epicondylitis can be managed by conservative therapy including physical therapy, orthotics, rest, icing, compression, and elevation.

Surgery

Surgeon

Surgery is a form of treatment for lateral epicondylitis and serves as a last resort after exhausting previous options and no improvement or worsening of symptoms after >6 months.



Injections

Injection Syringe

Injections of saline plus lidocaine or glucocorticoids can also serve as appropriate treatment for lateral epicondylitis.