

Abusive Head Trauma (Shaken Baby Syndrome)

Shaken baby syndrome is a constellation of medical findings, associated with the triad of brain hemorrhage, subdural hemorrhage and retinal hemorrhage. Another sign is various bone fractures. Children should be evaluated with a CT scan and a skeletal survey. These cases should be handled sensitively, but in instances of suspected child abuse, CPS should be notified and injuries should be well documented.



PLAY PICMONIC

Presentation

Subdural Hemorrhage

[Subdural Hemorrhage-hammers](#)

Repeated shaking can lead to subdural bleeding in children. Most commonly, subdural hemorrhage is seen, but subarachnoid bleeding can also occur. Another nervous system finding in children with shaken baby syndrome is brain swelling.

Retinal Hemorrhages

[Red-tin Hemorrhage-hammers](#)

Violent or abusive shaking can lead to bleeding in the layers of the retina, which can be accompanied with papilledema.

Bruising and Fractures

[Bruises and Bone Fracture](#)

Shaken baby syndrome also involves the finding of fractures of the child's ribs or bones where they have been twisted from shaking. A skeletal survey or bone scan may show fractures in various stages of healing.

Diagnosis

CT of Head

[Cat-scanner of Head](#)

A CT of the head is important for assessing the extent of injuries in a child with suspected shaken baby syndrome. Often, an MRI can be used, as these are better for imaging retinal bleeds.

Skeletal Survey

[Skeleton Survey](#)

A skeletal survey is a series of X-rays of all the bones in the body. This is important for detecting all of the injuries in a child with suspected shaken baby syndrome. Often, these surveys find bones in various stages of healing from repeated abuse.

Treatment

Document Injuries

[Documenting Injury](#)

It is important to document all of the injuries found in the child. This is helpful in providing information to the authorities, as well as for proper management of the child's injuries as treatment continues.

Notify Child Protective Services

[CPS Child Protectors](#)

If there is a suspicion for shaken baby syndrome, child protective services should be notified immediately. A constellation of symptoms is highly indicative of child abuse, however, it should be noted that many of these symptoms can occur from non-abusive pathologies, such as gestational trauma, vitamin C deficiency or seizure disorders.