

Mallory-Weiss (OLD VERSION)

Mallory-Weiss syndrome describes mucosal lacerations, leading to bleeding at the junction of the stomach and esophagus. This often results from forceful vomiting, which may be a consequence of eating disorders or alcoholism. Diagnosis is made through endoscopy, through which treatment (if needed) can also take place.



PLAY PICMONIC

Characteristics

Bleeding From Tears in Mucosa

Bleeding From Tear in Mucosa-mouth

This syndrome occurs after tears are formed in the mucosa and submucosa of the gastroesophageal junction, leading to bleeding. These tears do not occur in the muscular layer, like in Boerhaave syndrome.

Forceful Vomiting

Vomiting

The tears in Mallory-Weiss syndrome occur as a consequence of forceful vomiting and violent retching, which increases esophageal pressure. Conditions such as alcoholism, hyperemesis gravidarum and eating disorders, which lead to increased vomiting frequency can cause this syndrome.

Alcoholism

Alcoholic-martini

Patients with alcoholism are at risk for developing this syndrome. As patients are more intoxicated, they may vomit more often, which can cause these tears.

Eating Disorders (Bulimia)

Binging and Puking Bulimia-bully

Patients with eating disorders, such as bulimia nervosa, who regularly vomit forcefully may develop such tears.

Hematemesis

Blood in Vomit

A common symptom which may clue-in a provider to this condition is hematemesis. Patients may present with an episode of vomiting up blood, and may have a history of retching.

Endoscopy

Endoscopy

Diagnosis of the mucosal tears from Mallory-Weiss syndrome can be made through endoscopy. Treatment is usually supportive, but in severe bleeds cauterization or epinephrine injection may also be done during endoscopy.