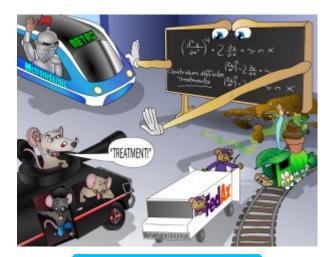


# Clostridioides difficile (Clostridium difficile) Treatments

Clostridioides difficile is a spore-forming Gram-positive bacteria which is a minor part of colonic flora. Infection by this bacteria stems from antibiotic use, which kills competing bacteria, allowing C. diff to proliferate. Complications of this bacterial overgrowth include toxic megacolon and pseudomembranous colitis. Note: The CDC has begun using the name Clostridioides difficile instead of Clostridium difficile to refer to the bacterium that commonly causes infectious diarrhea.



**PLAY PICMONIC** 

### **Oral Vancomycin**

### Oral Van-tank-mice Responding

Vancomycin is effective against many gram positive bacteria and is often used in cases of C. diff associated diarrhea. It must be given orally and not intravenously, because the intravenous form doesn't get excreted into the colon in appreciable enough amounts to kill the bacteria. If oral vancomycin is not used for the first episode of C. diff, it is often effective in treating refractory disease as well.

#### Fidaxomicin

#### Fed-Ex-mice

Fidaxomicin is bactericidal against C. difficile and is another option for treatment of both initial and refractory disease. It is more expensive than other antibiotics, however.

### Metronidazole

## Metro-knight

Metronidazole is an antibiotic with activity against anaerobic bacteria and is another option for the treatment of C. difficile colitis. It can be given either orally or intravenously, with intravenous being preferred for severe disease. Metronidazole has been associated with more episodes of treatment failure than vancomycin or fidaxomicin, but it is still used regularly around the world.

### **Stool Transplant**

# **Stool Train-plant**

Stool transplant, also known as fecal microbiota transplantation or bacteriotherapy, is highly effective for patients with refractory disease that has failed antibiotic therapy. This procedure involves infusion of fecal bacteria from a donor to the patient, restoring normal colonic flora.